

SAILING DIRECTIONS CORRECTIONS

PUB 191 **9 Ed 2000** **LAST NM 29/01**

Page 3—Line 36/R; read:

average considerably lighter.

Tides—Currents.—A series of Tidal Stream Atlases, which show the state of the currents on an hourly basis, are published by the United Kingdom Hydrographic Office for the English Channel and Dover Strait (NP 250 and NP 233).
(NIMA) 30/01

Page 75—Lines 7 to 25/L; read:

4.34 Le Becquet (49°39'N., 1°33'W.), situated 1 mile E of Cherbourg, is a small drying harbor. It is used by local fishing vessels and pleasure craft. A lighted range indicates the approach. Buoys (special) are moored about 0.4 mile and 2.3 miles N of this harbor.

Le Grunes de Bretteville, a group of rocky shoals with depths of less than 5m, extend up to about 0.8 mile N from the coast, 1.3 miles E of the harbor.

Cap Levi (Cap Levy) (49°42'N., 1°28'W.), fronted by shoals, is low. A main light is shown from a prominent tower, 28m high, standing on the cape. A conspicuous signal station, with a white mast, is situated on a hill about 0.2 mile SSE of the light.

Port du Cap Levi, a small drying harbor, lies 0.5 mile S of the light. It is used by local fishing boats and yachts.

An area of rocky shoals extends up to about 2 miles N of Cap Levi and is marked by a lighted buoy. This area is steep-to and the sea breaks on it in rough weather. Tete Septentrionale, with a depth of 9.2m, and another shoal patch, with a depth of 9.3m lying 0.3 mile ENE, form the outermost dangers of this area. La Pierre Noire, with a least depth of 2.2m, lies about 0.3 mile S of Tete Septentrionale.

A prominent square belfry stands at Maupertus-sur-Mer, 2.5 miles S of Cap Levi, and may be seen on the skyline. An airport is situated close S of the belfry.

The coast between Cap Levi and Pointe de Barfleur, 8 miles E, is bordered by rocks and shoals, the outermost lying nearly 2.5 miles from the shore. The shore is rocky and interspersed with sandy beaches.

Basses du Renier, with a least depth of 4.5m, lies about 2 miles N of the coast, 4.5 miles ENE of Cap Levi, and is marked by a lighted buoy.

Haut-Fond des Equets, with a depth of 7m, lies about 2.5 mile ESE of Basses du Renier and about 2.3 miles NW of Pointe de Barfleur. It is located about 2 miles offshore and marked by a lighted buoy.

Banc de Saint Pierre, extending SE of Haut-Fond des Equets, consists of shifting sand and broken shells. The sea breaks heavily in bad weather on this bank, especially with the wind against the tidal currents.

Tides—Currents.—Tidal currents close N of La Pierre Noire attain velocities (E and W) of about 4.8 knots at springs. Close N of Basses du Renier, the ESE tidal current attains velocities of about 4.8 knots, and the W tidal current attains velocities of about 3.8 knots at springs.

Directions.—The offshore Traffic Separation Scheme, leading from Casquets to the Greenwich Lanby, passes about 20 miles N of Cap Levi.

Chenal des Trois Pierres and Chenal Hedouin, which are marked by ranges, lead inside the dangers fronting the coast between Cap Levi and Pointe de Barfleur. Due to the strength and uncertainty of the tidal currents, these channels should only be used by small vessels with local knowledge.

Caution.—Raz du Cap Levi, a dangerous race, occurs in the area of shoals extending up to 2.5 miles N of Cap Levi, especially when the wind is against the tidal current.

Anchoring, trawling, and dredging are prohibited within an area, which may best be seen on the chart, lying centered 2 miles W of Cap Levi.

An Explosives Dumping Area, the limits of which are shown on the chart, lies centered 7 miles NE of Cap Levi. A circular Prohibited Area, with a radius of 1.5 miles, lies in the vicinity of this Explosives Dumping Area and may best be seen on the chart.

(Fr SD C2.1; 19(07)01 Brest)

30/01